

Children and Young People's Service SCRUTINY BRIEFING

6 September 2018

Ann Graham – Director of Children's Services

CYPS Structure

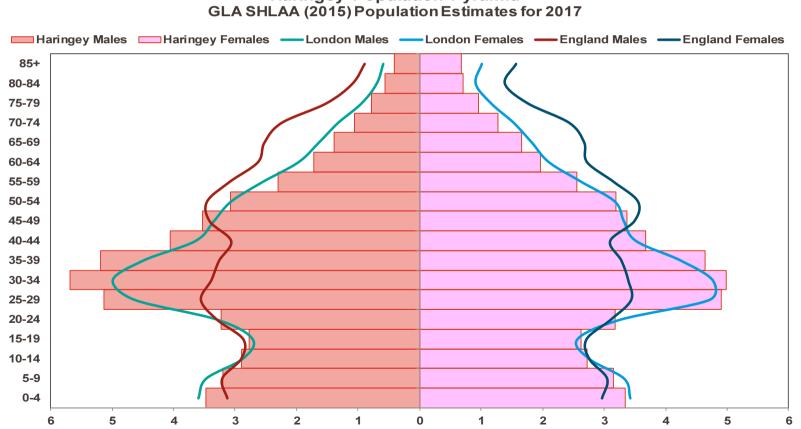




Population Structure



Haringey has a young, ethnically diverse population. The total resident population in Haringey is 280,000 and BME groups account for 38% of the resident population in Haringey. The population is expected to grow by 11% in the next 10 years.



Haringey Population Pyramid

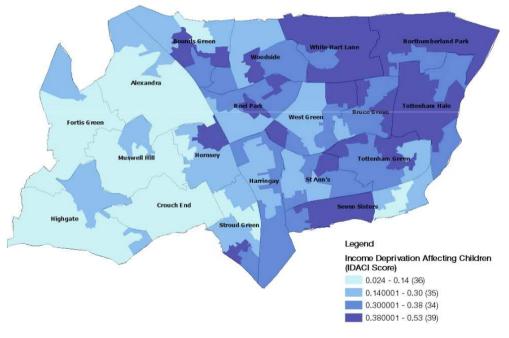
Child poverty & inequalities



All children and young people in the borough deserve to be safe, happy, healthy and be helped to develop into responsible adults. Providing the right help at the right time will be critical to ensuring all our children and young people can thrive.

One of the greatest challenges is inequality in outcomes.

Poverty is a key determinant of poor outcomes.

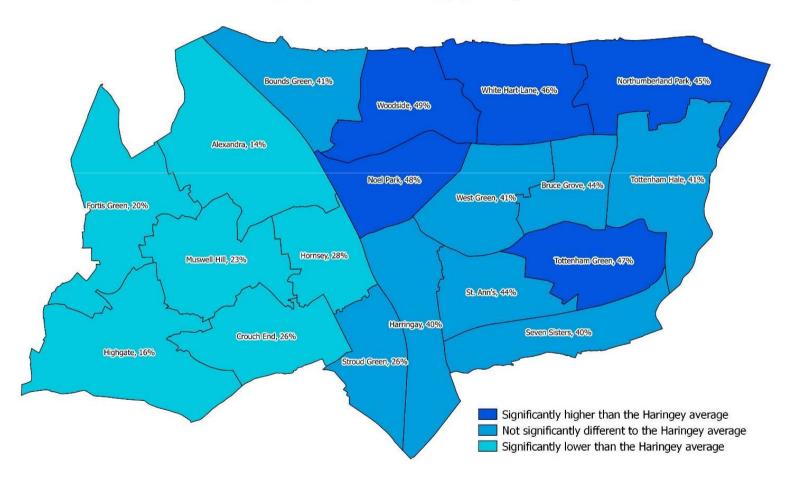


Income Deprivation Affecting Children, 2015

Childhood health inequalities



Percentage of Overweight (including Obese) students in Year 6 in Haringey 2016/17, by ward of residence, compared to Haringey average



Some key facts about children and young people in Haringey



21% of Haringey children (over 10,000) are in low income families – which is higher than the national average

9 % of babies are born with low birth weight – which is higher than the national average

1 in 10 children in Haringey is estimated to have a mental health disorder – which is slightly higher than the national average

11 % of children have a long term illness, disability or medical condition diagnosed by a doctor – which is slightly lower than the national average

4% of Year 10 boys and 5% of Year 10 girls report smoking occasionally or regularly. 4% of year 10 pupils reported having an alcoholic drink in the previous week.



Children's Services covers pre-birth to 18 years and up to 25 years old for specific groups, such as disabled young people and care leavers.

The Local Authority has a statutory role in enabling, ensuring or providing:

- Early years
- Schools
- Special Educational Needs and
 Health and wellbeing Disability (SEND)
- Children in Care, including adoption & fostering
- Children in Need of Support and Protection

- School admissions
- School buildings
- Youth justice
- Family support and early help
- Youth services



- Corporate Parents looked after children and care leavers
- Safeguarding and child protection
- Youth justice, vulnerable adolescents, and young people at risk
- Special Educational Need and Disability
- Transitions
- Educational outcomes
- Addressing inequalities



The whole Council is responsible for acting in line with the Corporate Parenting Principles in supporting Children in Care and Care Leavers:

- to act in the best interests, and promote the physical and mental health and well-being, of those children and young people
- to encourage those children and young people to express their views, wishes and feelings
- to take into account the views, wishes and feelings of those children and young people
- to help those children and young people gain access to, and make the best use of, services provided by the local authority and its relevant partners
- to promote high aspirations, and seek to secure the best outcomes, for those children and young people
- for those children and young people to be safe, and for stability in their home lives, relationships and education or work; and
- to prepare those children and young people for adulthood and independent living.



Not just the Lead Member but the role of every member

 "Being a corporate parent means doing everything we can for every child in the council's care – and every care leaver – to give them the opportunities that other children get. This covers everything from keeping an eye on their progress at school, to looking after their health and wellbeing, to preparing them for life as independent adults – and supporting them when they get there. We need to be ambitious for the children in our care, encouraging them to dream big" (LGA 2017)

The Corporate Parenting Advisory Committee of elected members oversees the strategy and performance of the local authority and its key partners in this area

Vulnerable young people at risk of becoming victims and offenders

A typology of the most prolific youth offenders in Haringey (sample size= 20)

Age 0	Poor parenting was evident in the first year in 45% of cases within the cohort
Age 1	30% of parents involvement in substance/alcohol misuse
Age2	One young person had already been the victim of emotional abuse
Age 3	25% of young people had a parent(s) diagnosed with a mental health problem
Age 4	Average age of young people initially coming to the attention of various agencies due to behavioural concerns
Age 5	90% of young people in the cohort had either experienced loss of a parent through death or separation
Age 6	This was the average age of young people referred to CYPS due to safeguarding concerns
Age 7	30% have witnessed domestic violence
Age 8	25% have been a victim of physical abuse by parent/step-parent
Age 9	30% were displaying aggressive behaviours and/or bullying at school
Age 10	65% of young people were performing poorly in education by the age of ten
Age 11	Average age of first ever fixed or permanent school exclusion
Age 12	Average age that a young person becomes looked after by the LA
Age 13	Average age of first violent offence committed, usually ABH or Common Assault. Violence is often the first offence.
Age 14	Average age of first contact with youth justice service
Age 15	The highest incidence of drugs-related offences are committed
Age 16	50% had been reported as a missing person at some point. The majority of these were placed in care of the Local Author
Age 17	Professionals expressed concerns about the emotional wellbeing of 75% of young people
Age 18	65% had been a victim of crime, often violent, some had been exploited by older people in gangs



Our youth justice cohort have often experienced trauma and challenging family circumstances from an early age. The evidence suggests they have often been known to services and there are points at which intervention may prevent or reduce future risks, e.g. when a pupil is excluded for the first time

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Risk Factors & Vulnerabilities



- There is a deepening multi-agency, cross borough focus on key vulnerabilities:
 - Child sexual exploitation (CSE) & Missing
 - Serious youth violence & gangs
 - Radicalisation
- We know these issues create concerns for children and young people, including 11% of Year 8-10 pupils claiming to have been a victim of violence or aggression in their area, and 12% who carry or know others who carry weapons.
- Local action needs to address awareness, attitudes and norms among young people and their communities, as well as the coordination, intelligence sharing and joint planning of statutory partners.
- Missing/CSE/CCE/Girls and Gangs Panel established discuss and plan for high risk young people.

Special Educational Needs



- Haringey has above average prevalence rates for Special Educational Needs among its youth population
- Due to national reforms, Education, Health and Care Plans have now been introduced to replace 'statements' for young people with SEND; families in Haringey have high confidence that EHCPs will meet the needs of the young person
- Haringey pupils with an EHCP achieved in line with the London average at Key Stage 4 and above the England average; however, exclusions are disproportionately high for young people with SEND
- Empowering young people and families through the development of our Local Offer, including support to be independent such as Independent Travel Training;

CYP with Disabilities



- Children with Disabilities Team in SEND offer a full range of social care and support interventions for those with complex needs:
- 546 children & young people are known to the disabled children's social work team, of which:
 - 178 have an allocated social worker of these:
 - 5 children are subject to child protection plans
 - 27 children with disabilities are looked after
 - 368 have a respite and support package, e.g. commissioned short break or direct payment given to the family to buy their own services.
- The children known to the Disabled Children's social work team have a complex range of disabilities, with over 200 children known to have Autism, 21 to have Cerebral Palsy, and 26 with Down Syndrome.
- The majority of children have learning disabilities which may or may not be associated with a specific syndrome.



As well as getting the best <u>start</u> in life, we need young people in Haringey to make successful transitions into independence as adults.

For Children with Disabilities and our Care Leavers, we have statutory duties to coordinate and plan support as they leave children's services – we are developing these pathways around the needs of these young people and are required to publish a Local Offer for both groups.

But many of the challenges are shared with a wider cohort of young people facing additional needs, which may contribute to poor long-term outcomes as adults and demand on services, particularly:

- Barriers to Education, Employment and Training
- Homelessness
- Youth offending and serious violence
- Mental health problems



Working in partnership with all stakeholders (including Health, Education, the Voluntary and Community Sector) enables us to deliver across the system to improve outcomes for our children and young people.

The main partnerships are:

- LSCB (Local Safeguarding Children Board)
- Health and Wellbeing Board
- Community Safety Partnership
- Youth Justice Partnership Board
- Early Help Partnership Board
- Schools Forum

Legislation and regulation





HM Government

Working Together to Safeguard Children

A guide to inter-agency working to safeguard and promote the welfare of children

July 2018

🗯 GOV.UK



An extensive inspection regime



- Joint Targeted Area Inspection focus was Neglect for Haringey's JTAI in 2017
- Inspection of Local Authority Children's Services (ILACS) replaces Single Inspection Framework (SIF), Haringey was judged as 'Requires Improvement' in 2014
- HMIP Youth Offending Services
- OFSTED Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND)
- OFSTED also inspects Early Years settings (including Children's Centres), Primary & Secondary Schools, and Providers of LAC placements



Good outcomes in early childhood help form a strong foundation for life. Every child needs...

> Pre-birth care, love, nurturing, play, healthy food, healthy teeth, language, sleep, safe, friends, support for disabilities, identifying disability, bonding with consistent parents or primary carers, parenting support, learning, happiness

Neglect is the biggest driver of referrals for Children's Social Care in Haringey & nationally.

 Neglect is the ongoing failure to meet a child's basic needs and is the most common form of child abuse. A child may be left hungry or dirty, without adequate clothing, shelter, supervision, medical or health care. A child may be put in danger or not protected from physical or emotional harm.





Conception to five years old is a critical time and early intervention can contribute to positive outcomes for children and young people through to adulthood. This requires a strong partnership approach.

In 2017, 74% of Haringey children achieved a Good Level of Development in early years, which is in the London top quartile. To support this work:

- 99% of nursery and 90% of all early years settings are good and outstanding
- Our 9 children's centres continue to offer a range of universal and targeted services for families
- The Universal Healthy Child Programme supports all families until the age of 5
- Partnership and collaborative working is strong in this area

Quality schools & attainment



- 100% of all primary, secondary and special schools are good and outstanding - (June 2018).
- More Haringey pupils achieve expected and higher standards at Key Stage 1 (aged 5-7) than London and England averages.
- Haringey results at GCSE have improved faster rate than London and England, with particularly strong improvements among girls' GCSE grades. It is stronger for younger children than older children.
- Looked After Children exceed the England average, including coming top in the country for GCSE results in 2016, supported by awardwinning virtual school
- Haringey schools are actively working together to further improve, backing the schools-led improvement approach of the Haringey Education Partnership



Even with excellent schools and improving overall performance, there are substantial inequalities in attainment:

- Fewer than 45% of pupils from Black African, Black Caribbean, Latin American, Turkish/Turkish Cypriot, or Chinese background achieve 5 A*-C at GCSEs.
- Both North and South Tottenham have seen a significant fall in their GCSE achievement rates, which are down 10% and 9.5% respectively since 2012.
- School Exclusion For secondary schools, the permanent exclusion rate per population in Haringey (0.22) is slightly higher than that of England (0.20). Our fixed term exclusion rate reduced in 2016/17 and at 9.16% in Haringey is better than the national average of 9.4% but remains higher than London rates (6.87 in 2015/16). BAME and SEND groups are overrepresented in the school exclusion figures

Emotional Health & Wellbeing



Estimated prevalence of mental health disorders 5-16 year olds:



9.9%

London: England: 9.3% 9.2%

- Nearly one in 10 children aged 5 to 16 (nearly 4,000 children) in Haringey has a mental health disorder such as depression and anxiety.
- Only 34% of Year 6 pupils reported high self-esteem, decreasing to 31% for secondary pupils, particularly for boys
- Hospital admissions for self-harming young people are lower than London average in Haringey and on a downward trend, but it is still the main recorded reason for hospital admissions for children and young people.

There are a range of different sources of support for mental health and emotional wellbeing:

- Schools have emotional well-being co-ordinator and a named school nurse.
- Services commissioned by the council and CCG from Barnet, Enfield and Haringey Mental Health Trust, Open Door, Tavistock and Portman NHS Trust, the Anchor Project and Mind In Haringey.
- CAMHS Transformation Programme and new government initiatives

Key challenges for CYPS



- Hearing the voice of children and young people in our work and evidencing how that informs what we do.
- Reducing demand into acute services through providing help to reduce need early.
- Recruiting and retaining social workers and managers with manageable caseloads able to deliver best outcomes for children and young people.
- With partners, working to improve the quality of practice as identified by Ofsted and JTAI.
- Responding to serious youth violence and vulnerable adolescents.
- Working to reduce expenditure at a time of increasing demand and costs for service provision.



There will be a rolling programme of training for members in the coming year. These are likely to be once a term.

Themes under consideration for 2018 to 2019 include:

- Safeguarding
- Looked After Children and Corporate Parenting
- Child protection
- Vulnerable adolescents (including child sexual exploitation and missing children)

Dates and themes will be circulated when the programme is finalised.

How can members contact us?



- All member enquiries are administered by Customer Services. They will record and acknowledge all enquiries and ensure that these are referred to the appropriate service for a response. Members should direct all enquiries to <u>memberenquiries@haringey.gov.uk</u>
- Members should set out the nature of their enquiry as clearly as possible. The information provided will of course vary according to the nature of the enquiry, but it would be helpful if the following information could be included (if available):

the name and address of the constituent / group you are enquiring on behalf the details of your enquiry, that is, the information you would like to obtain any reference numbers or correspondence which may be helpful to the enquiry (eg benefit application reference) details of any expected outcomes

• If the member enquiry is urgent (e.g. a benefits query where bailiff action is imminent) please indicate this in the subject header of the email.

Members of the Public – Enquiries: First Response – 020 8489 1400

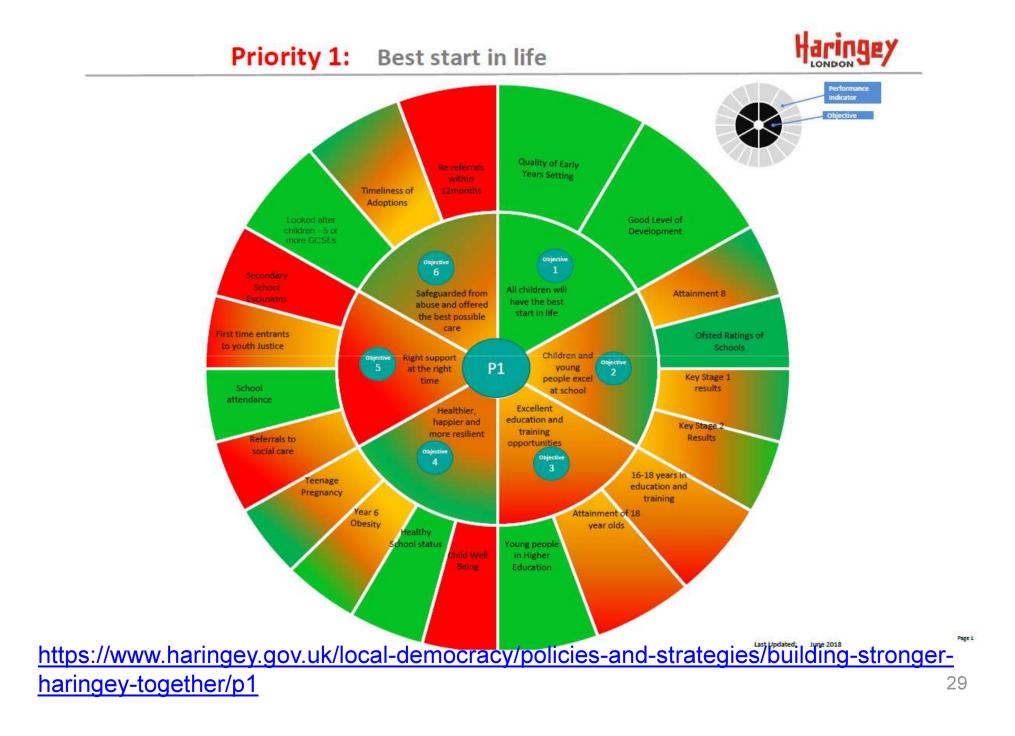


PERFORMANCE DATA AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION



Detailed analysis relating to Haringey and children and young people, can be found in our State of the Borough profile which aims to provide a better understanding of the borough, its population, and the key issues facing them, and ultimately to support our stakeholders in making Haringey a better place to live.

https://www.haringey.gov.uk/sites/haringeygovuk/files/state of the borough final master version.pdf

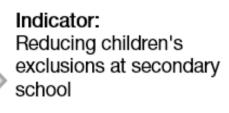






Objective 5:

Children and families who need extra help will get the right support at the right time to tackle issues before they escalate



Target: Exclusions to be below the London average by 2018

Percentage of fixed term exclusions as percentage of school population (secondary schools) 12 10 8 6 4 Haringey London 2 Target 0

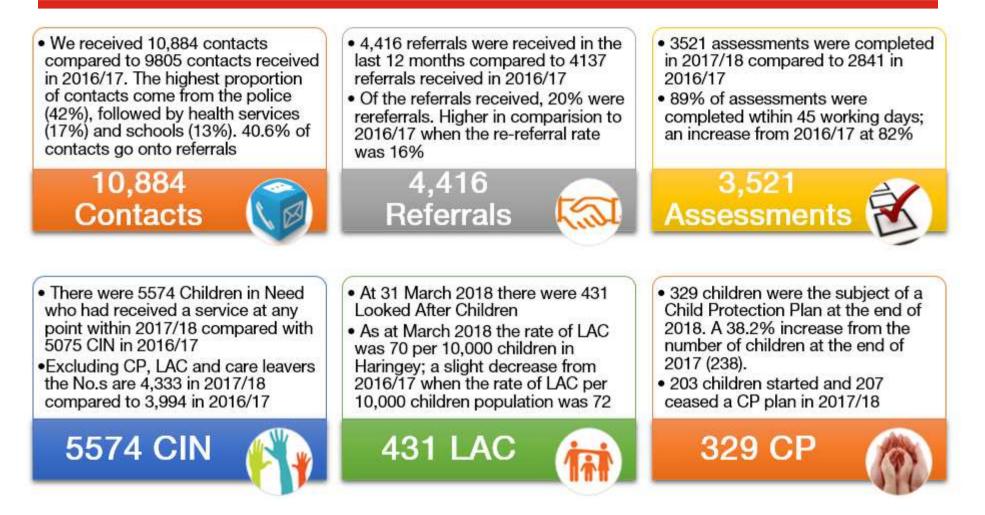
What does the data say ?

Recently published data shows Haringey level of fixed term exclusions have come down and at 9.16%, they are lower than the national average of 9.4% despite remaining above the London position and in the middle/bottom quartile.

2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18

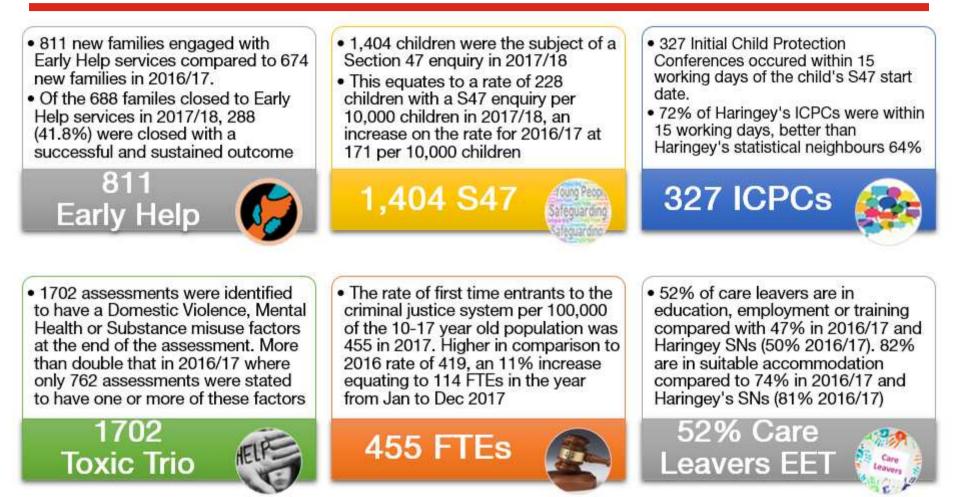
CYPS in the Numbers





CYPS in the Numbers





CYPS in the Numbers



- There were 1,280 children and young people with an Education, Health and Care Plan in 2018 compared to 606 in 2017.
- 650 children are known to the Childrens with Disabilities team, 154 of which have an allocated worker

1,280 EHCPs



- Looked after children acheivements have been in the top quartile nationally for some years. Their average attainment 8 score was 24.5 is better than the national position of 19.3.
- 23.1% of LAC received 4/ C or above in English and maths GCSEs, ranking us 22nd best in the country in 2017



- Of the children who ceased to be LAC in 2017/18, 11 (5.3%) were adopted and 10 (4.8%) were subject to a Special Guardianship Order.
- Haringey SNs acheieved 8% adoptions and 12% SGOs in 2016/17

21 Permanency Orders